Starting a Watercraft Inspection Steward Program

What needs to be done before stewards start

Mary Austerman, New York Sea Grant



Presentation Goal and Logistics

- Goal: Attendees will be able to use the information presented to start a watercraft inspection program
- Walk through <u>Section 5 of the NYS</u> <u>Watercraft Inspection Program</u> <u>Leaders Handbook</u>
- STANDARDIZATION
- Conversational; ask questions as they come up

SECTION #5 Getting Started: A Guide for Organizations Starting Watercraft Inspection Programs



Refer to handbook page 5:1

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Presentation Map

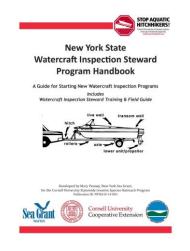
- History of the NYS Watercraft Inspection Steward Program Handbook
- Steps lumped into "bins"
 - Will follow the order in the handbook
 - Program-level bin
 - Coordination, partners, structures, budget
 - Steward-level bin
 - Duties, appearance
 - Program logistic bin
 - Coverage area, scheduling
 - Program-coordination bin
 - Steward recruitment, hiring, training, material prep
- Discussion



*The steps in this presentation may occur simultaneously or in a different order.



History of the <u>NYS Watercraft Inspection</u> <u>Steward Program Handbook</u>



• Published in 2014

• Handbook Goals:

- Guide for new programs
- Recommendations across the state
- Resource for stewards
- □ Collaborative effort
- Funding: NYS Environmental Projection Fund

Successful Programs= Effective Leadership+ Adaptability + PARTNERSHIPS



Handbook Steps 1-3



- Step 1: Determine Program Coordinator
 - Program development lead, supervises stewards, standardization
 The following steward as guidance
- Step 2: Develop Program Partners
 - Program goals, funding, expertise, multi-level
- Step 3: Decide Program Structure (paid, volunteer, both)
 - Funding, recruitment pool, coverage area

Program Level Bin



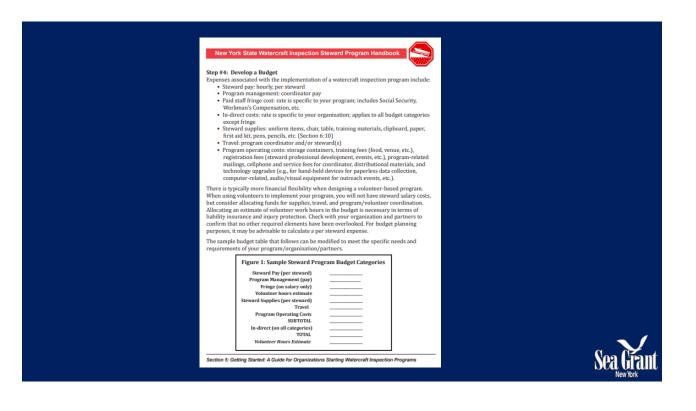
Handbook Step 4: Develop Budget

Paid structure considerations:

- Hourly pay
- Steward supplies: uniforms, first aid kit, station materials
- Program expenses: training costs, storage bins, displays, technology upgrades (tablets, cell phones)
- Travel
- Fringe and in-direct
- Volunteer structure considerations:
 - Supplies, travel, coordination

Budget Item* Steward salary Program leader salary Fringe (on salary only) Volunteer hour estimate (can be used as cost share) Steward supplies Travel Program operating costs SUBTOTAL In-direct costs



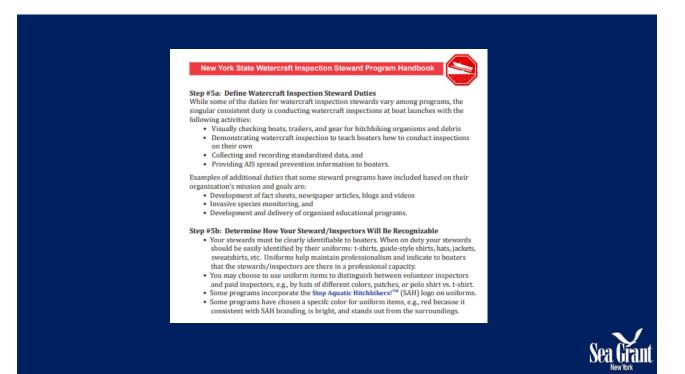


Handbook Steps 5a-5b

- Step 5a: Define Watercraft Inspection Steward Duties
 - Standardized duties
 - Visually inspect, demonstrate, collect data, AIS
 - Additional considerations
 - Development of outreach materials, AIS monitoring, educational programs
- Step 5b: Determine How Your Steward/Inspectors will be Recognizable
 - Why?
 - Uniform: t-shirts, guide-style shirts, hats, jackets, sweatshirts, etc.
 - Volunteer/paid

Branding

Steward Level Bin



Branding & Messaging

Recommendations for standardization include incorporating the Stop Aquatic Hitchhikers! Logo as well as the *Clean*, *Drain*, *Dry* message.



Visit: http://stopaquatichitchhikers.org/



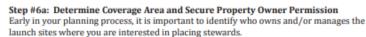
Handbook Step #6a: Determine Coverage Area & Secure Property Owner Permission

- Considerations when determining coverage area:
 - Mission of organization
 - Needs of partners
 - Funding & resources
 - Coverage area gaps of nearby programs
- Securing Permission
 - Requirements & liability issues?
 - Permits?
 - These steps take time

Review NY Sea Grant Sample Materials

• Permission Request Letter (Handbook Appendix D)

Logistics Bin



- Ask each launch property owner for any requirements and liability issues you
 need to address, for example, municipalities often require written permission to
 be presented before their monthly board meeting and proof of liability insurance.
- Ask agency-owned launch managers if they require a permit and a list of program participants.
- Plan to allow time for approvals to be granted; it may take four to six weeks for responses to permission requests.
- See Appendix D. for a sample permission request letter.



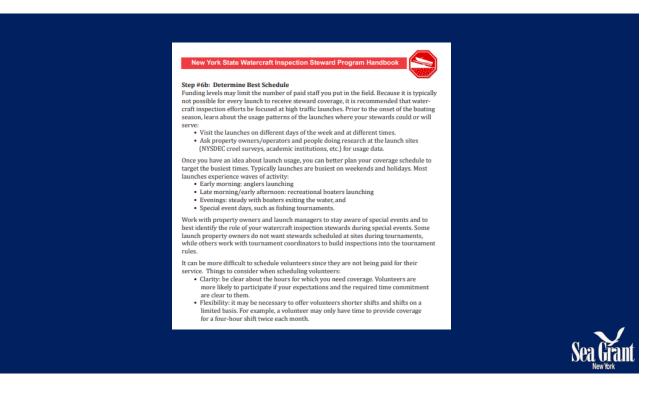
Handbook Step #6b: Determine Best Schedule

Logistics Bin

- Things to consider:
 - Funding & resources
 - Mandates of contacting
 - High traffic vs. low traffic
 - Target audience
 - Volunteer vs. paid staff

- Tips:
 - Visit launch sites
 - Talk with others that work/play at launch sites
 - Flexibility





Handbook Step 7a: **Develop Your Steward Training Program**

Goal: provide stewards (paid and volunteer) with the tools and resources to confidently and accurately complete their duties

- Training structure: (length, breadth, etc.)
 - Startup orientation:
 - Organizational orientation
 - Introduction to the problem and region
 - AIS introduction
 - Data Collection
 - Boater engagement
 - Launch site visits
 - On-going training
- Training considerations: data collection & aquatic species ID and collection



Program Coordination Bin



Step #7a: Develop Your Steward Training Program

Training for paid and volunteer steward staff is recommended. The goal of training is to provide your stewards with the necessary tools and information to confidently and accurately complete their duties. The length and breadth of training varies among existing steward programs responsible for watercraft inspections from one day to a week or longer. Some training is done in the classroom while other components such as watercraft inspection demonstration and role playing is done in the field at launch sites

Section 5: Getting Started: A Guide for Organizations Starting Watercraft Inspection Programs

New York State Watercraft Inspecti



Typical training components include:

- Organizational orientation (specific to managing organization)
- Introduction to the region (including natural resources, partners/local contacts, relationship with law enforcement, and issues of concern)
- AIS identification and data collection protocol Boater engagement and interpretation techniques, and
 Launch site visits.

In addition to initial training, watercraft inspection staff may require additional training throughout the season. For example, followup AIS identification training in the field is recommended once aquatic plants are visible

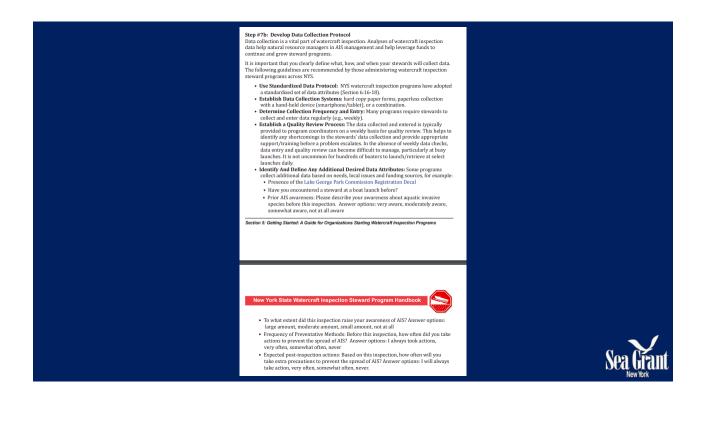


Handbook Step #7b: Develop Data Collection Protocol

- Review of standardization of data collection recommendations on pages 5:6 – 5:7 (see next slide) and recommended data fields on <u>pages 6:16 –</u> <u>6:18</u> in the handbook
 - Example datasheets on pages 6:19 & 6:20
- Establish protocols for collection and review



Program Coordination Bin



Handbook Step #7c: Develop Training on Proper Identification of Aquatic Organisms

- Species ID:
 - Timing: once or on-going?
 - Finding experts
 - Common AIS and natives, especially lookalikes
 - Watch species
 - Assess identification skills of your crew
- Collection protocol:
 - Confirms ID skills
 - Review Handbook page 5:7 (see next slide)



Program Coordination Bin

Step #7c: Develop Training on Proper Identification of Aquatic Organisms

You will need to provide training on aquatic organism identification that should include common AIS and native look-alikes. Often your local PRISM or Cornell Cooperative Extension Association can provide or recommend a trainer.

To ensure accurate species identification, some programs require each steward to collect a specimen of each species they observe the first time they observe it.

Using the specimen collection protocol below, collected specimens are sent to an expert for confirmation or correction of the steward's species identification. In addition to the program coordinator, potential partners that can confirm, or correct, the steward's identification include the local PRISM coordinator, professors at nearby universities, and Cornell Cooperative Extension.



Handbook Step #7d: Develop & Define AIS Specimen Collection Protocol

- Your protocol should be well-defined
- Help confirm and teach ID
- Identify and provide the supplies needed to collect and properly mark the specimen
- Clearly explain how the specimen should be kept and delivered for identification.
- Determine how your data records will be modified to allow for ID process
- For more details see Section 6:14

Program Logistics Bin



Step #7d: Develop and Define AIS Specimen Collection Protocol

Provide your stewards with a clearly defined specimen collection protocol to follow should they encounter a unfamiliar/unidentifiable species that should be sent for exact identification.

Identify the supplies needed to collect and properly mark the specimen with the date and time of collection; collector's name and contact information, name of waterbody, name of launch site or, if the specimen is found aboard a boat, the boat name; and any ID numbering or lettering system your program will use. A ziplock bag and waterproof marker should be provided as part of your steward supplies.

Identify how the specimen should be delivered for identification. If the specimen will be held for any length of time at the steward location, identify a means for keeping the packaged specimen cool, e.g., in any on-site refrigerator or a cooler. For more details see Section 6:14.

You will also need to develop a protocol for updating your data records and updating or modifying database entries accordingly once identification results are received.



Handbook Step #8: Develop Your <u>Quality</u> <u>Assurance Quality Control (QAQC) Plan</u>

Purpose

- Defines roles
- Ensures consistency each year and between years
- Helps your program maintain credibility and consistency in established protocol



Program Logistics Bin

QAQC Topics for Consideration

- Responsibilities & expectations
- Data
- Equipment/supplies policies

See Handbook Page 5:8 for more information (see next slide)

Review of NY Sea Grant's Sample Materials:

<u>QAQC</u>



New York State Watercraft Inspection Steward Program Handbook

Step #8: Develop Your Quality Assurance Quality Control (QAQC) Plan New York's existing steward programs have some type of quality assurance quality control

(QAQC) protocol for the purpose of defining roles and responsibilities of partners administering the program and paid/volunteer stewards. A QAQC Plan ensures that the work being completed by stewards is consistent each year and between years; and helps maintain the highest level of credibility and consistency in the data collection protocol.

It is recommended that you build QAQC criteria for your watercraft inspection activities, particularly if multiple organizations are overseeing the program. Consider the following information to include in a QAQC Plan:

- Responsibilities of program coordinators and partners
- Responsibilities and required expectations of watercraft inspection stewards
- Reporting requirements of stewards
- Data collection and entry protocol including:
 - data nomenclature
 - procedures and expectations for entering, reviewing, and submitting data
 definitions of attributes
 - quality control measures and how they are met
- Control measures to consider include:
 - how often data is to be collected and submitted by stewards
 who is responsible for reviewing the data submitted by stewards
 - how often data will be reviewed
 - what percentage of the data collected and submitted by stewards is reviewed
 - how errors are to be corrected and how excessive errors are to be addressed to avoid mistakes in the future.

Some programs have a separate QAQC Plan document; others include QAQC information in the various sections of their training materials.

If your program includes activities in addition to watercraft inspection, consider developing a QAQC Plan for the comprehensive program.



Handbook Step #9a: Recruit Steward Program Personnel

Recruiting Stewards

- Develop position description & advertisement materials
- Identify the best places to advertise
- Define your application process

Follow recommendations of your Human Resources Department

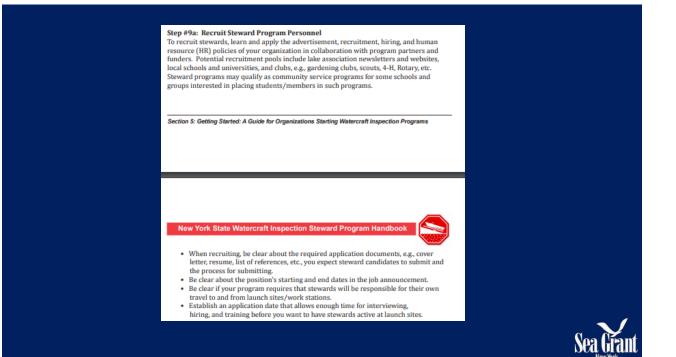
Program Logistics Bin



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Position description





Handbook Step #9b: Interview, Evaluate and Hire Steward Candidates

- Follow the recommendations of your Human Resources Department
- Determine interview schedule
 - Who, where, when, how long
- Remove as many variables as possible:
 - Interview team
 - Standard interview questions & reference check questions
 - Standard evaluation process

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- Interview questions
- Reference check questions





Handbook Step #9b: Interview, Evaluate and Hire Steward Candidates *Continued*

Program Coordination Bin

Evaluation Considerations

- How does the candidate present himself/herself?
- Does the candidate exhibit an ability to:
 - Fit the mission of your organization?
 - Work with minimal supervision and independently (as appropriate)?
 - Effectively communicate to diverse audiences?
 - Accurately collect and enter data using established protocol and software?
 - Work weekends and holidays?
- Offer positions (standard language)
- Notify all candidates when positions are filled (standard language)

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- <u>Standard position offer language</u>
- <u>Standard notification language for</u> when positions are filled



Step #9b: Interview, Evaluate and Hire Steward Candidates

Most programs have an internal hiring process based on the HR policies of their organization. In general, when conducting interviews it is best to include at least one other person to participate in the interview process. This protects you from potential HR issues and helps in the candidate review and selection process. Remove as many variables in your process as possible to assure a fair and equal process for all candidates. Using a standard set of interview questions helps frame and focus candidate evaluation. Likewise, use a standard set of questions to check candidates' references.

When considering candidates, remember your stewards will directly represent your organization and your program partners as well as indirectly representing other watercraft inspection steward programs.

Personnel requirements to consider as you build your team of stewards include, but are not limited to:

- How does the candidate present himself/herself?
 - Does the candidate indicate he/she possesses appropriate background knowledge or the ability to quickly pick up knowledge about AIS, their impacts, pathways, and preventative measures?
 - · Does the candidate exhibit an ability to:
 - · work with minimal supervision and independently (as appropriate)?
 - effectively communicate to diverse audiences?
 - accurately collect and enter data using established protocol and software?
 is the candidate willing to work weekends and holidays?

Your evaluation will identify the most desirable candidates. Once you are prepared to offer positions, use standard offer language with each candidate. Because not all candidates will accept your offer for a steward position, be sure you allocate time in your recruitment process to reach further into your applicant pool if necessary.



Handbook Step #10: Train Stewards

Training recommendations are found in <u>Section 6</u> of the Handbook.

See <u>Chapter 4</u> of this manual for orientation and training PowerPoints.



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Program Logistics Bin

Handbook Step 10a: Determine Steward Location at Launch Sites

Prior to the start of stewards:

- Developed with property owner/manager
- Avoid congestion/unnecessary movement



Best station locations allow:

- High steward visibility
- Accessible approach
- Ease of watercraft inspection
- Ease of data collection: visual and boater survey data
- Educational material distribution, and
- Sage exit, including room for the steward to step clear of the boat/trailer/vehicle while in visual view of the driver

Program Logistics Bin



Step 10a: Determine Steward Location at Launch Sites

Prior to the stewards' start date, work with launch owners/operators to identify the best location for stewards to setup their inspection stations. In general, stations should be located in an area in close proximity to the launch, but in a place that does not create launch congestion. It is preferred that inspections and the draining and removal of aquatic hitchhikers occur at the same location to prevent runoff return into the water, to limit unnecessary movement, and to enhance inspection and data collection efficiency.

The best place to situate stations is on semi-permeable dirt or gravel surface far enough away from the water, or launch ramp, so that drained water and removed debris cannot flow into the waterbody. Typically, watercraft inspection locations allow:

- · High steward visibility: station and uniform
- Accessible approach
- Ease of watercraft inspection
- · Ease of data collection: visual and boater survey data
- Educational material distribution, and
- Safe exit, including room for the steward to step clear of the boat/trailer/vehicle and be seen by the driver.



Handbook Step 10b: Package Education Materials for Distribution by Stewards To promote standardization it is Additional items for consideration:

recommended that programs distribute the Clean, Drain, Dry rack card.



- Stop Aquatic <u>Hitchhikers</u> ITM Stickers: tackle box sticker for placement on trailer winch
- Program business card with program URLs and contact information
- PRISM brochures
- Species-specific fact sheets
- Local recreation maps
- NYS fishing and boating regulation guidebooks
- **Review NY Sea Grant Sample Materials**



Program Logistics Bin

Step 10b: Package Educational Materials for Distribution by Stewards

Each geographic region has its own specific AIS concerns. To promote consistency statewide, New York's existing watercraft inspections programs offer the Clean Boats, Clean Waters rack card (Section 6:12) to boaters at the close of each inspection. Program coordinators may add other distributional materials, such as:

- AIS informational rack cards
- AIS Watch Cards
- Stop Aquatic Hitchhikers![™]stickers: tackle box sticker for placement on trailer winch
- Program business card with program URLs and contact information
- PRISM brochures
- Species-specific fact sheets
- Local recreation maps
- NYS fishing and boating regulation guidebooks. .

Links to some of these additional materials are in Section 7: Additional Resources and References.



Summary

- Use handbook as a guide
- Standardize when possible
- Call on partners for guidance and topical expertise as needed

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